

A scenic sunset over a body of water, likely a canal or river. The sky is filled with vibrant orange and yellow clouds, reflecting on the calm water. In the foreground, a black lamp post with a glowing yellow light stands on a concrete path. The background shows silhouettes of trees and buildings along the far bank.

# EASTERN SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY GROUNDWATER AUTHORITY

## Overview of South Delta Water Agency

December 10, 2025

John Herrick Esq., Counsel & Manager

**South Delta Water Agency**

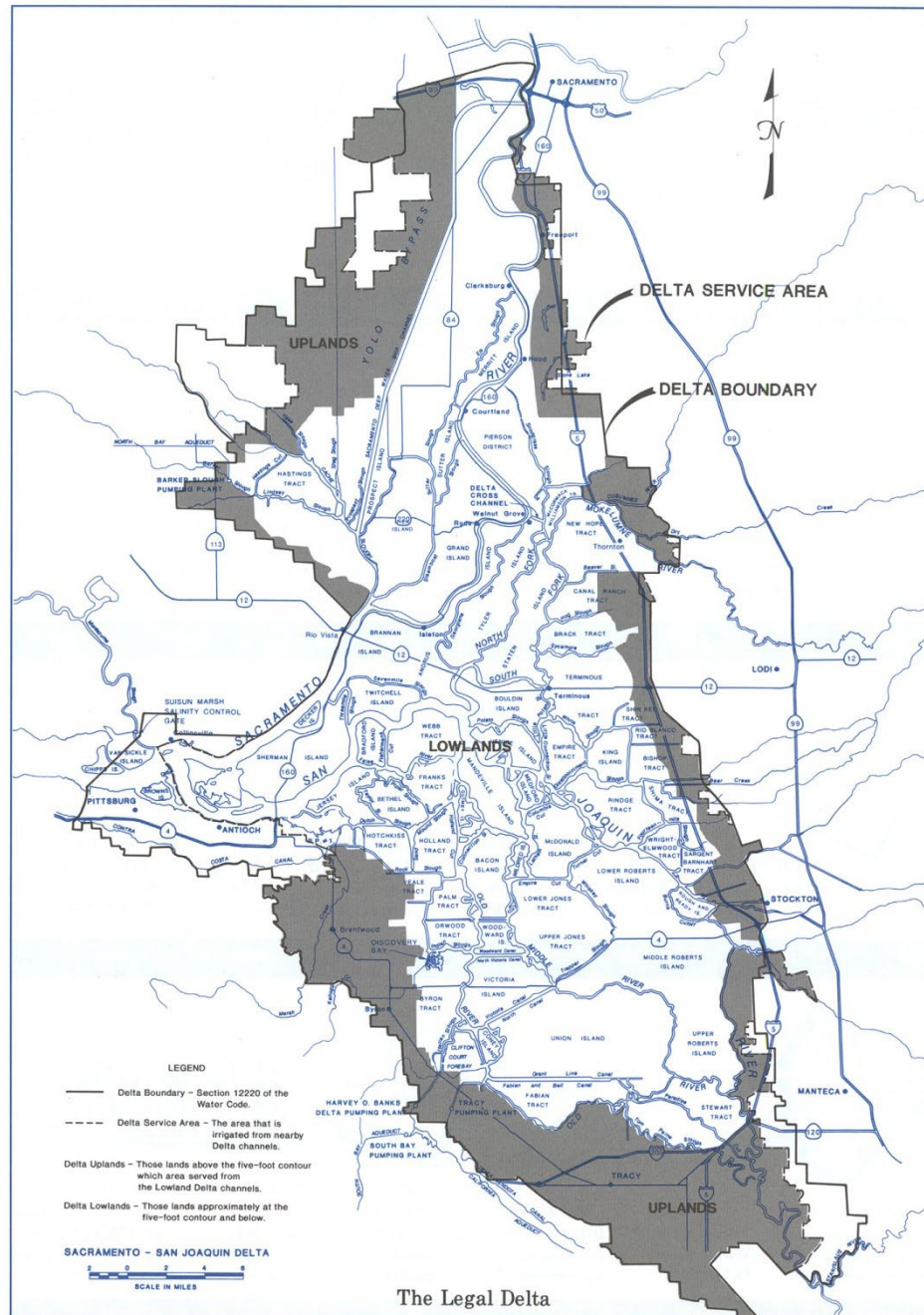
- JUST TO MAKE EVERYONE FEEL
- A LITTLE BETTER TODAY ...

• I'M RETIRING in 21 days!

a list of people that  
can kiss my ass



# INTRODUCTION and BACKGROUND

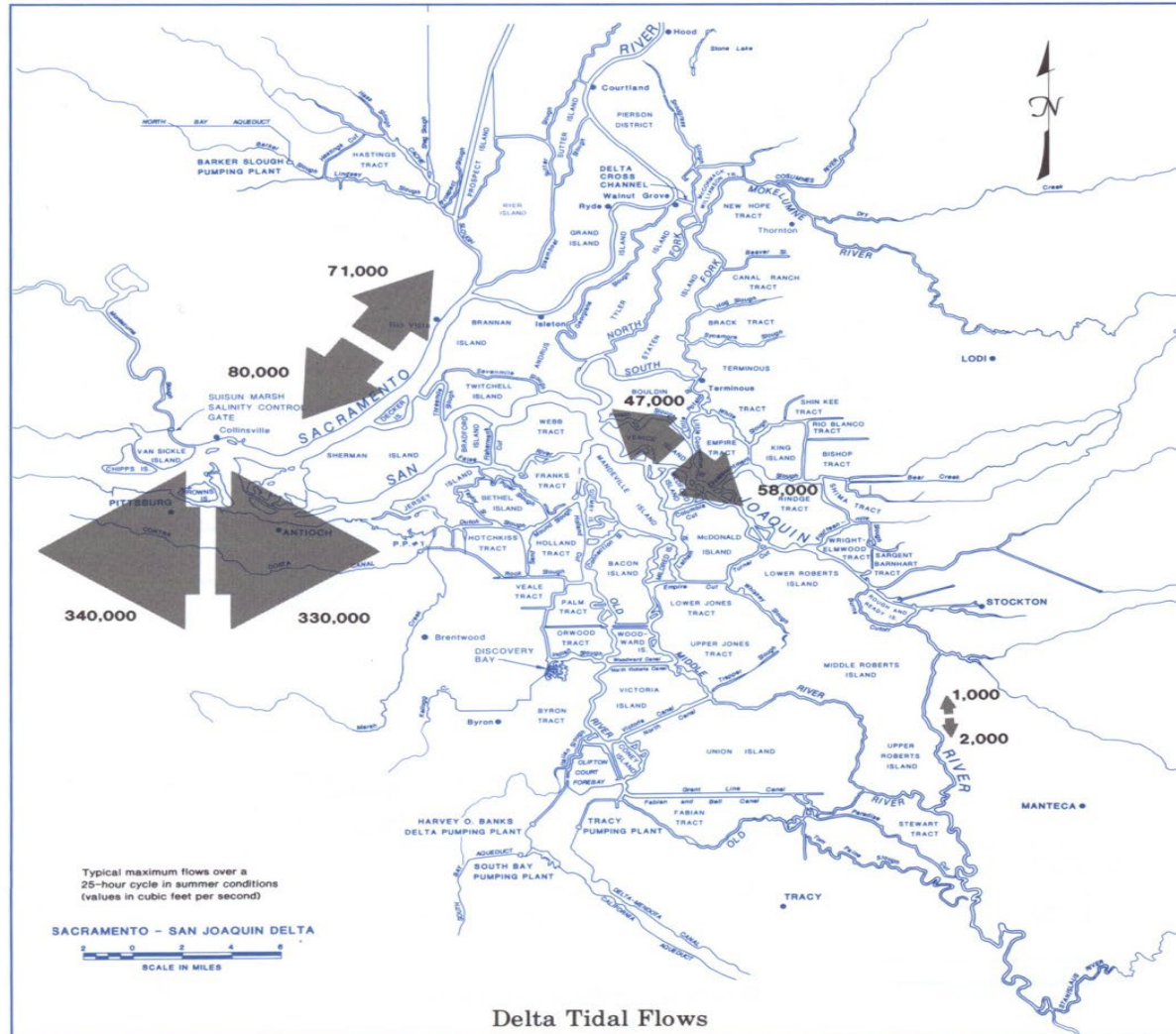




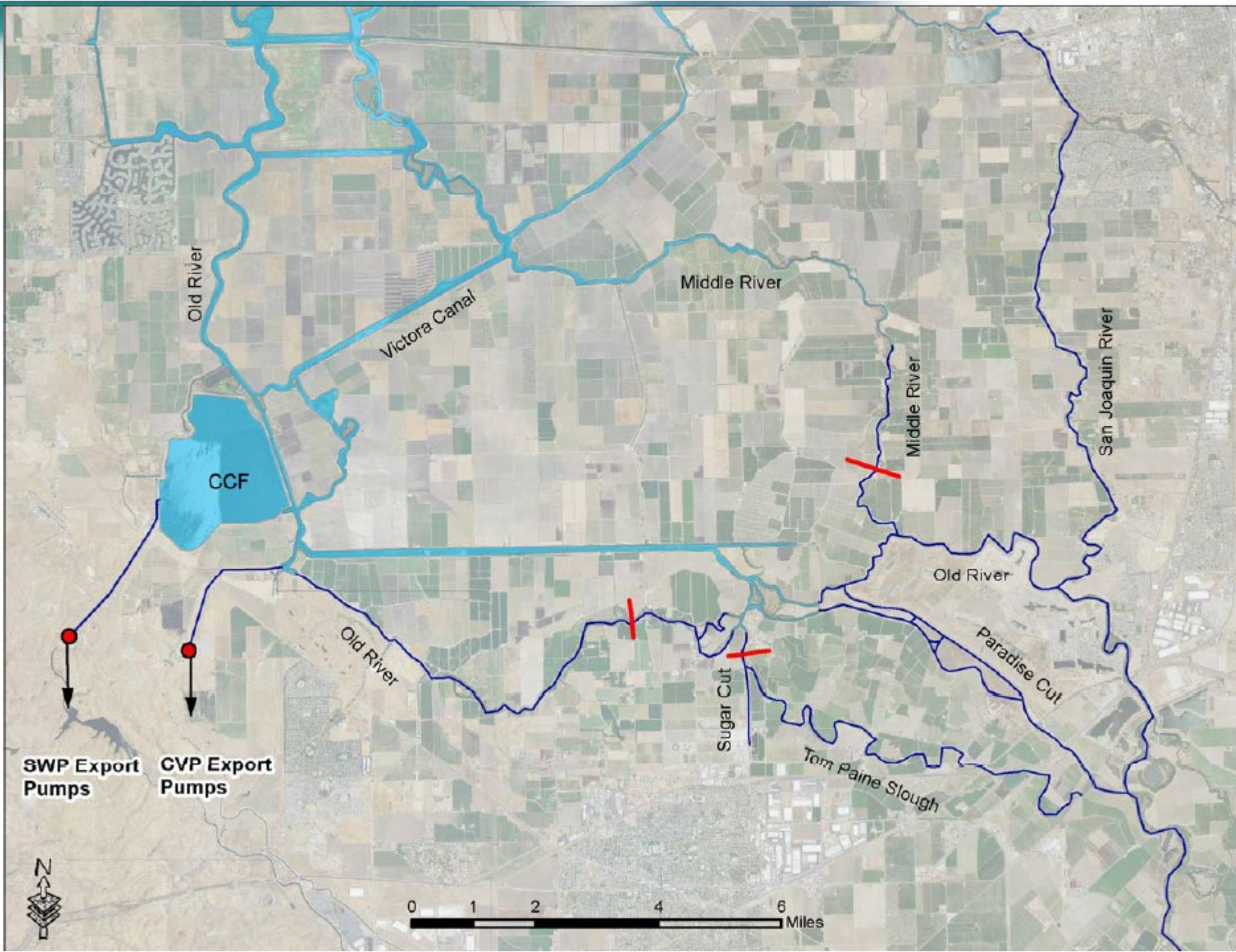
# Delta Tidal Flows and Levels

The Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta is at sea level. Water levels vary greatly during each tidal cycle, from less than a foot on the San Joaquin River near Interstate 5 to more than five feet near Pittsburg. During the tidal cycle, flows can also vary in direction and amount. For example and as shown on the map below, the

flow near Pittsburg during a typical summer tidal cycle can vary from 330,000 cfs upstream to 340,000 cfs downstream. The "net" summer Delta outflow is a very small amount of the total water movement, generally 5,000 to 10,000 cfs.



Delta Tidal Flows





The operation of the Central Valley project decreases San Joaquin River flows, adds concentrated salts to the River and causes reverse flows in Delta channels which created null zones where salts concentrate.



# SALTS

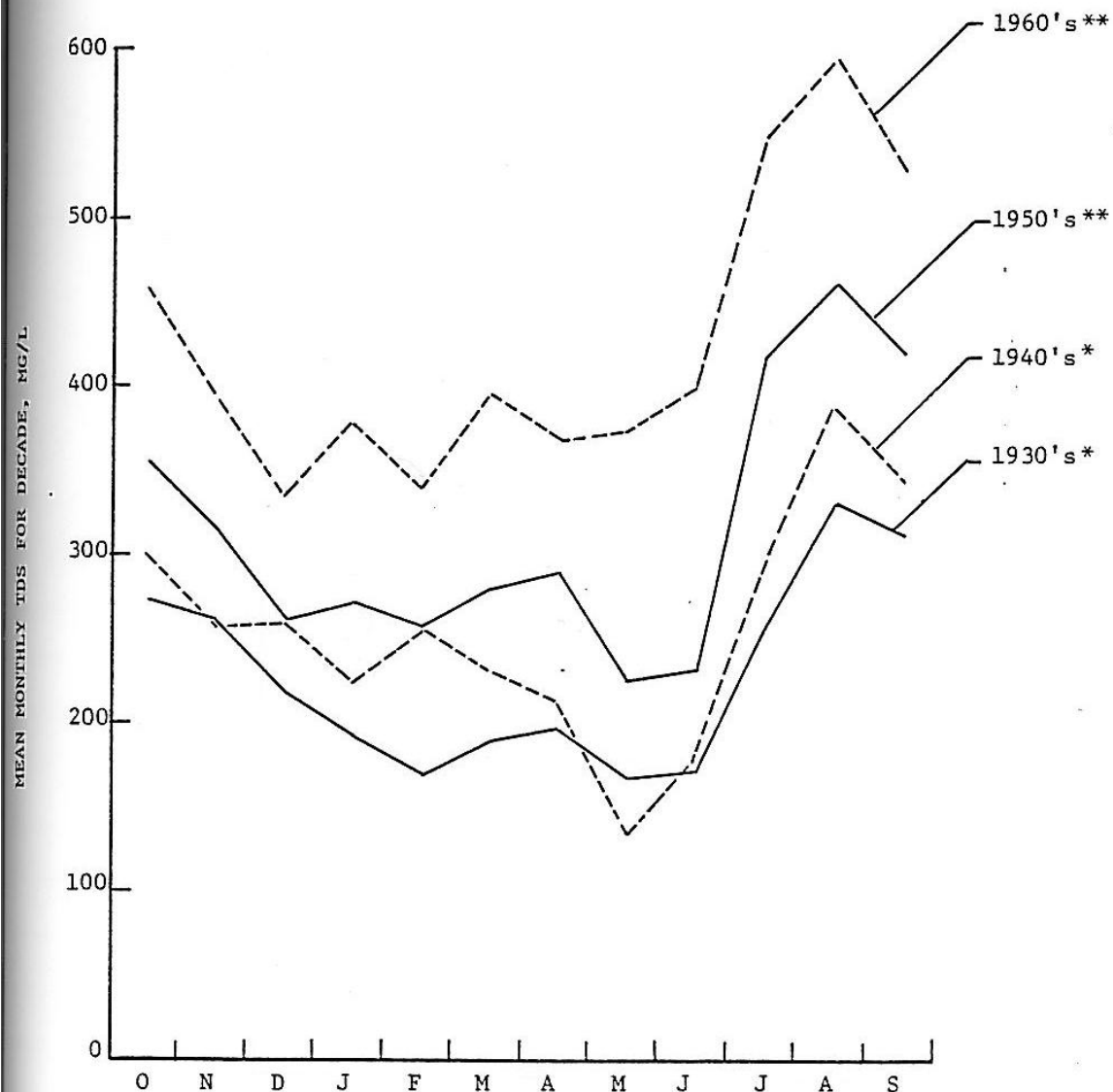


Figure VI-25 MEAN MONTHLY TDS AT VERNALIS BY DECADES  
1930-1969

\*Based on Mossdale chloride data

\*\*Based on actual observations

Chip Salmon: Salt damage to grapes, beans and walnuts; decreased production;

Rudy Mussi: Salt problems require additional expenditures to partially mitigate;

Richard Marchini: Salt damages to walnuts causing decreased crop yields;

Jack Alvarez: Salt in applied water causes decreased crop yields in cannery tomatoes and lima beans;

Mark Bacchetti: Salt damages to plants/crops and increased soil salinity;

In 2005 the water quality objectives for agricultural beneficial uses in the southern Delta became fully implemented. Since that time there have been thousands of daily violations.

The State Water Resources Control Board's response? It conducted two Cease and Desist hearings, each of which required the USBR and DWR to "Obviate future threats" to the objectives and set a deadline for the projects to produce a plan to meet the objectives. Both deadlines came and went without any plan or any consequence.

As violations continues the SWRCB decided to address the violations by changing the objectives by relaxing them. To support the changes the SWRCB staff used incorrect and irrelevant data to calculate that no problem existed.

The SWRCB has in fact done nothing to protect southern Delta farmers from the impacts of the increased salinity due to project operations. NOTHING.



DECREASED  
FLOWS

TABLE V-18 (1980)

## SUMMARY OF REDUCTIONS IN RUNOFF OF SAN JOAQUIN RIVER AT VERNALIS FROM PRE-CVP TO POST-CVP

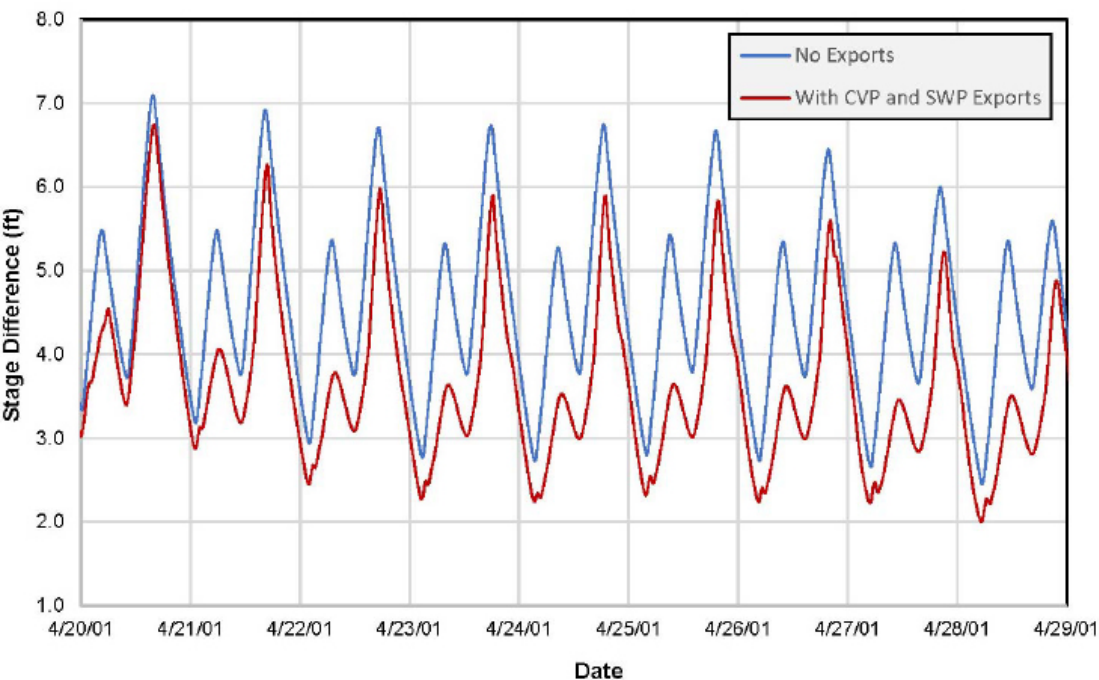
YEAR TYPE & PERIOD	EFFECT OF ALL POST-CVP UPSTREAM DEVELOPMENT ON RUNOFF AT VERNALIS		EFFECT OF CVP ON RUNOFF AT VERNALIS		
	Reduction in Runoff acre-feet <sup>1</sup>	Post CVP Reduction as Percent of Pre-CVP Actual Runoff	Reduction in Runoff, acre-feet <sup>1</sup>	Reduction at Vernalis as Percent of Pre-CVP Flow	Reduction at Vernalis as Percent of Post CVP Flow
<b>DRY</b>					
April-Sept	417,000	68 <sup>2</sup>	6,000 <sup>3</sup>	1.4	3.0
Full Year	519,000	45	128,000 <sup>3</sup>	11	13
<b>BELOW NORMAL</b>					
April-Sept	1,064,000	60 <sup>2</sup>	386,000	22 <sup>2</sup>	55
Full Year	1,219,000	44 <sup>2</sup>	543,000	20 <sup>2</sup>	35
<b>ABOVE NORMAL</b>					
April-Sept	1,732,000	57	440,000	15	40
Full Year	1,400,000	28	768,000	15	25
<b>WET</b>					
April-Sept	1,000,000	19	554,000	15	10
Full Year	1,168,000	13	771,000	9	12
<b>AVERAGE OF ALL YEARS</b>					
April-Sept	1,053,000	40	345,000	13	24
Full Year	1,076,000	24	553,000	12	19

1. From Tables 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16

2. Pre-CVP "actual" is assumed to be post-CVP actual plus pre-CVP to post-CVP loss per Tables 4, 6, and 10

3. Corrected for difference in pre-CVP and post-CVP unimpaired flow

# EFFECTS OF EXPORT PUMPING

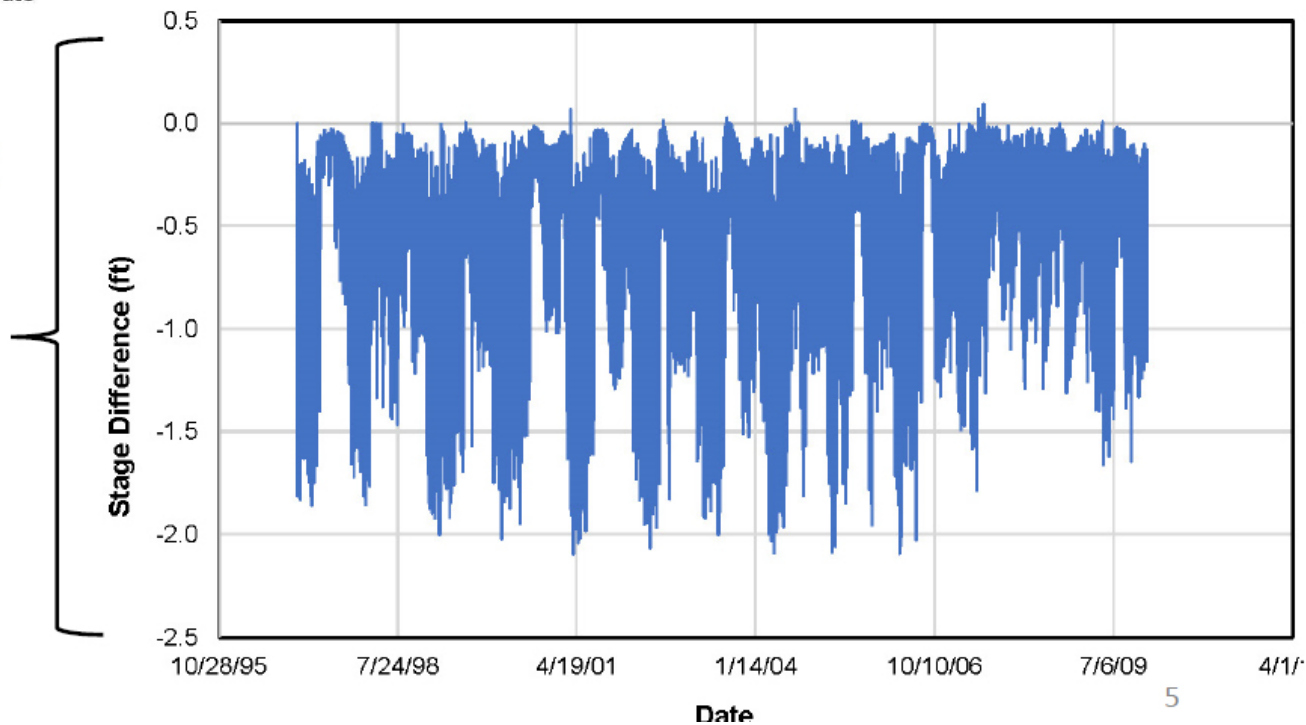


**Old River - Impact  
of Exports on  
Stage**

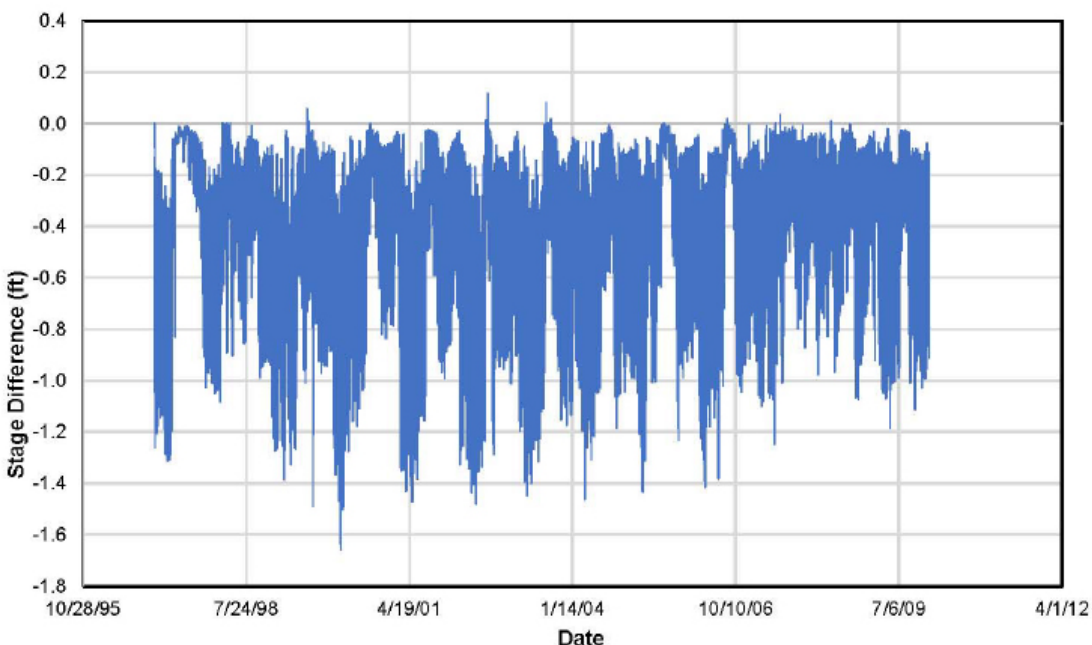
**April 2001**

**Old River - Impact  
of Exports on  
Stage**

**1997-2009**





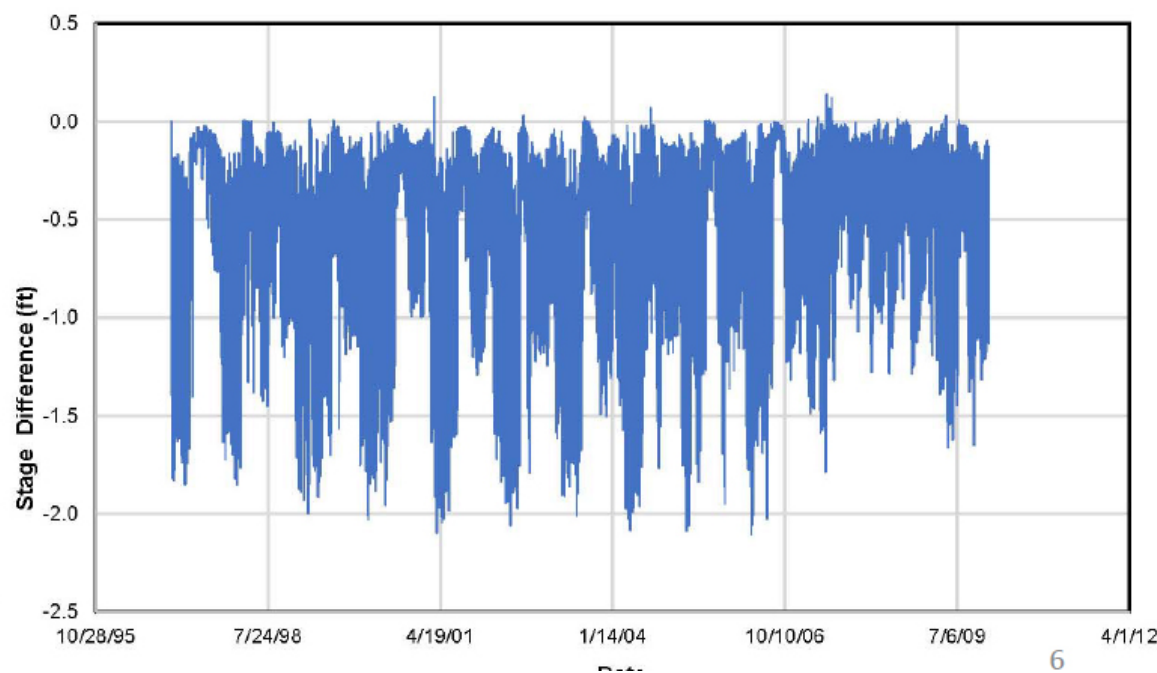


**Middle River -  
Impact of Exports  
on Stage**

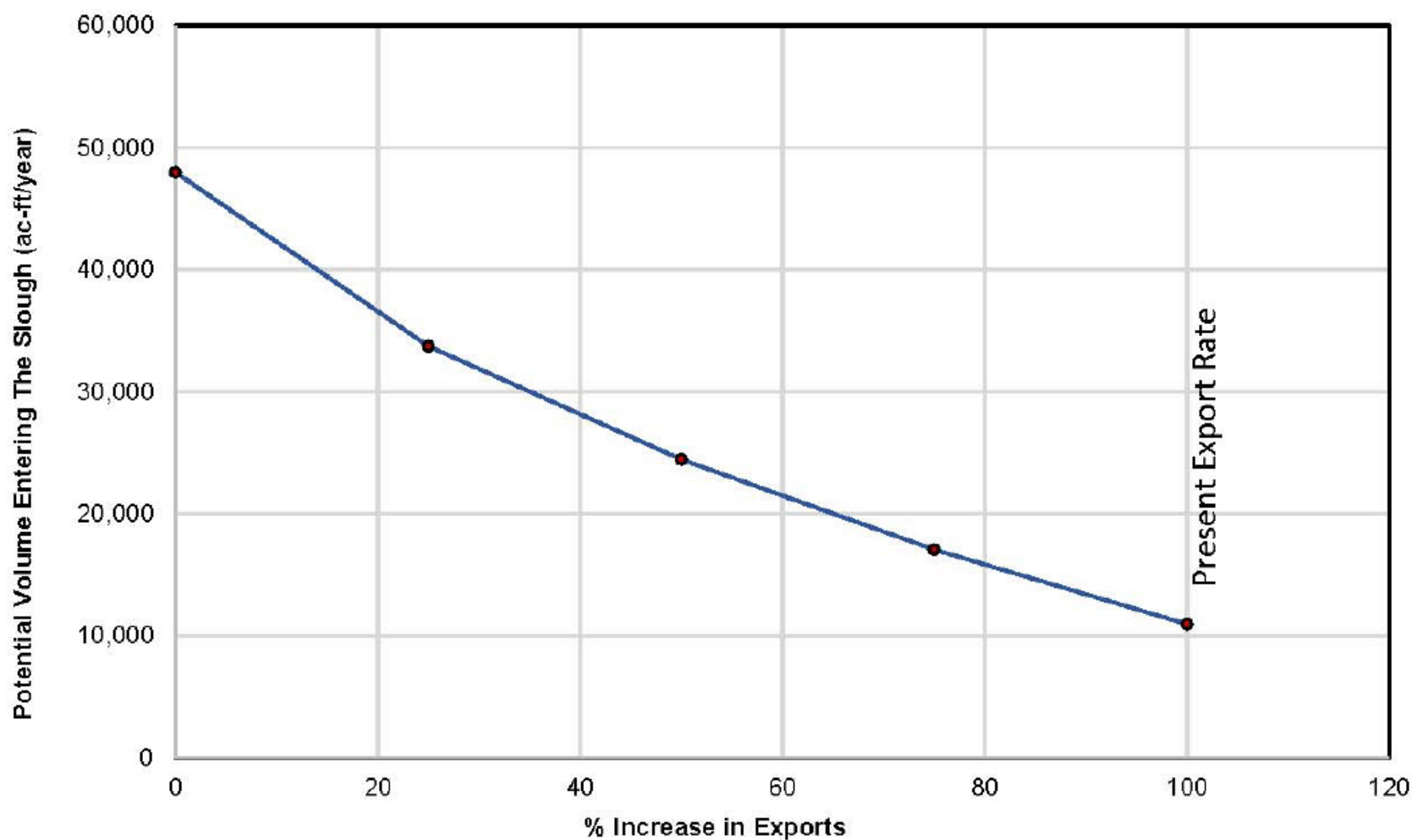
**1997-2009**

**Sugar Cut -  
Impact of Exports  
on Stage**

**1997-2009**



# Flow Into Tom Paine Slough Reduction Due To Exports



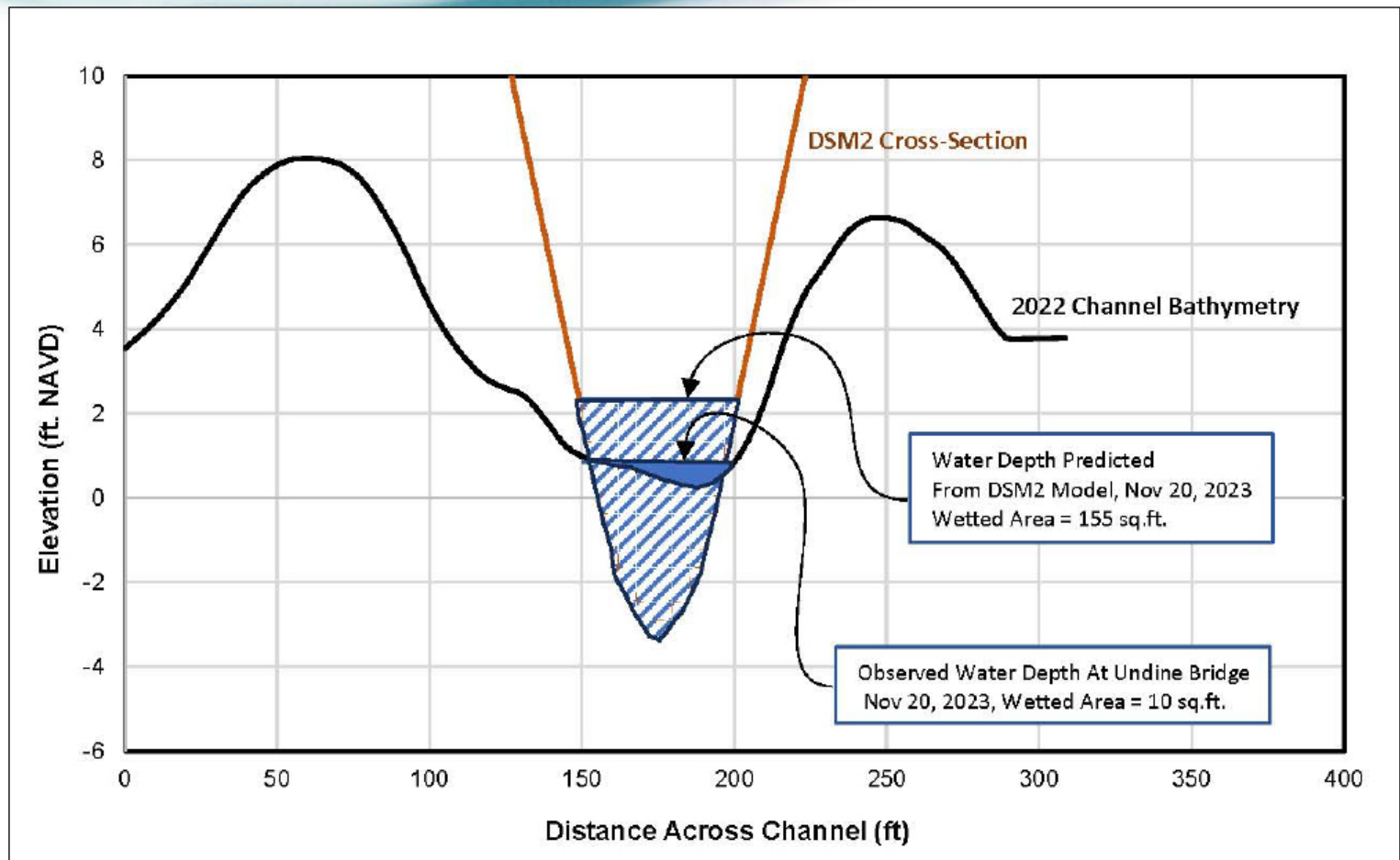
**FISH**



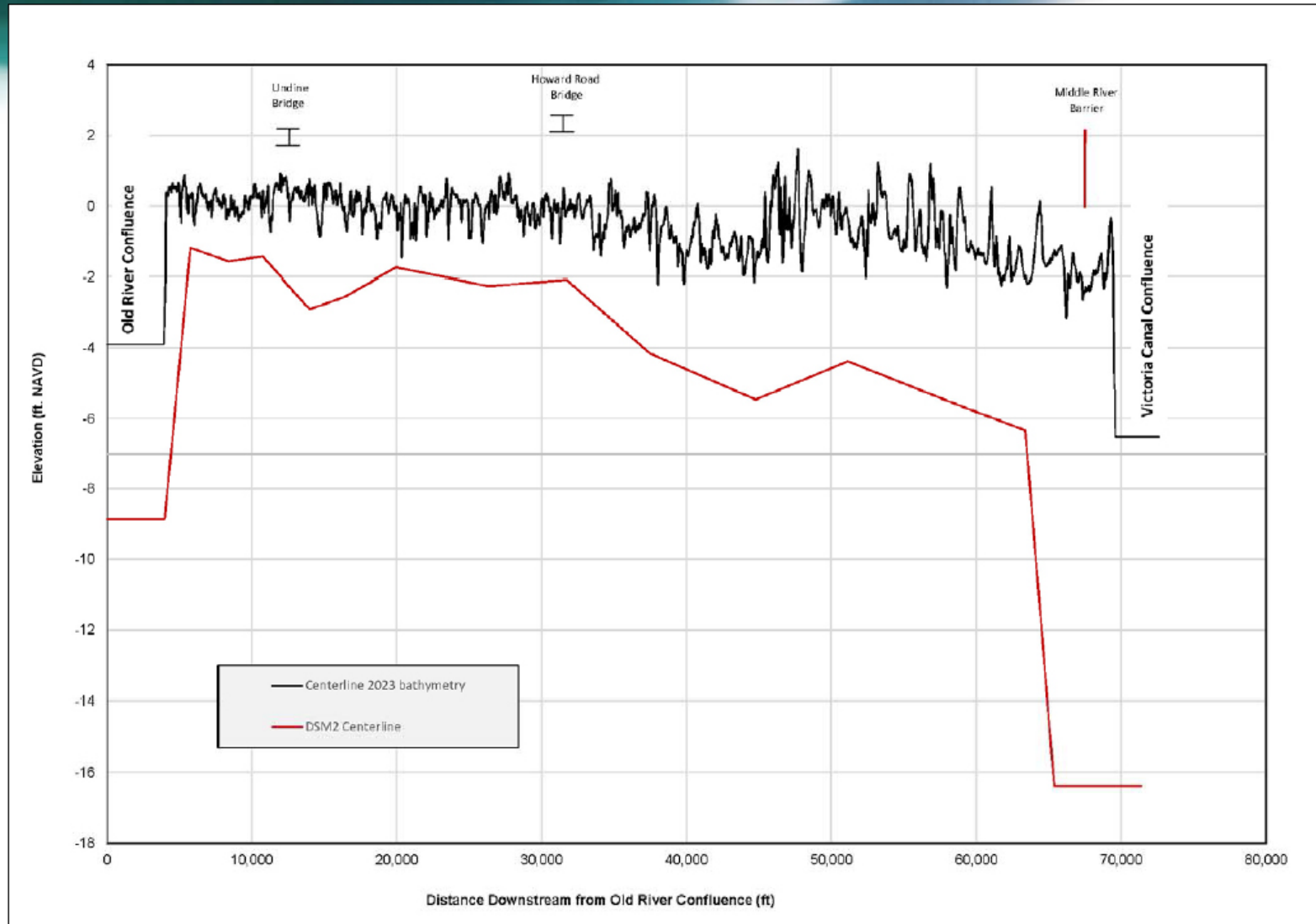


**MODELING**

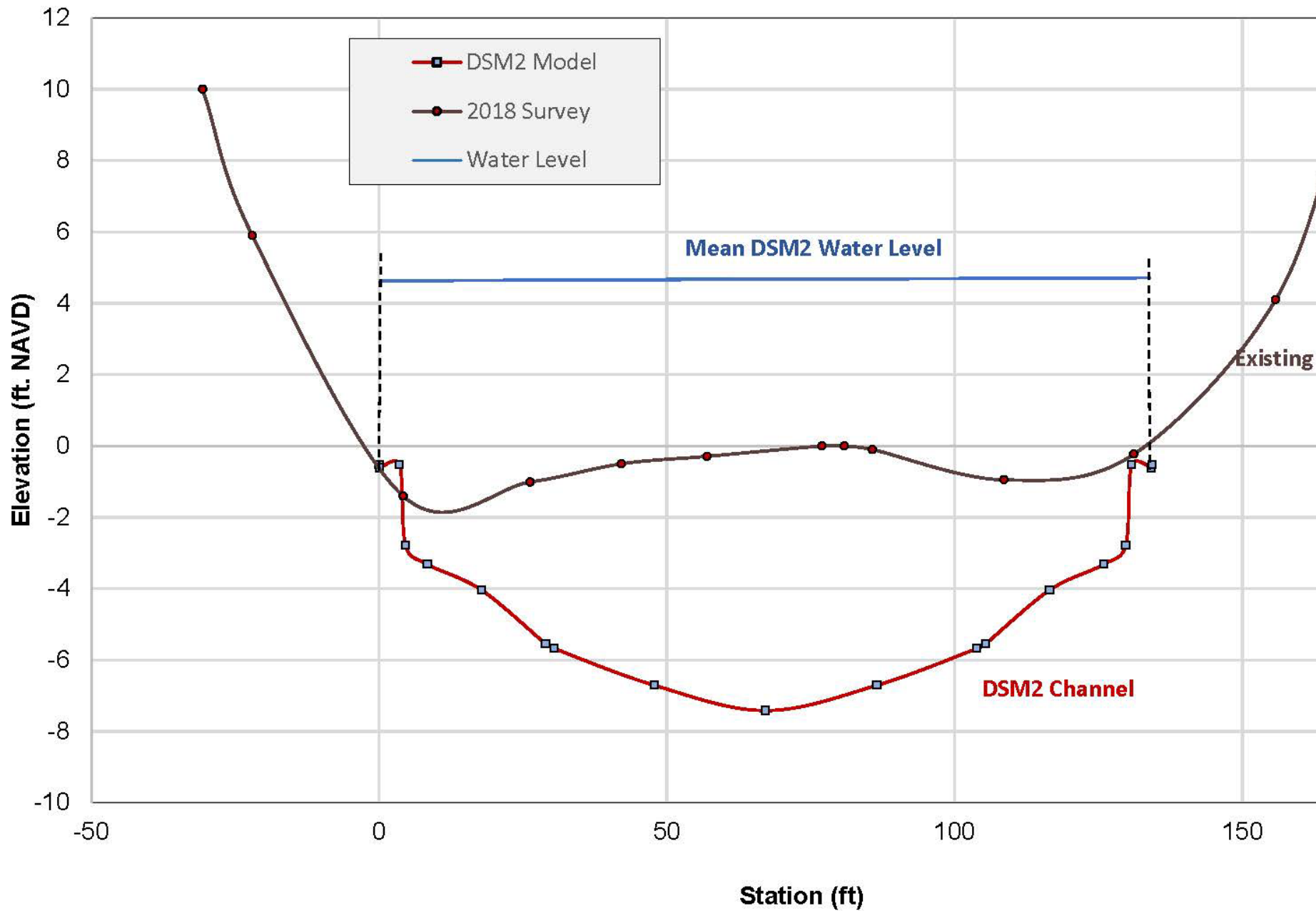
# Middle River Cross-Section At Undine Bridge



# Comparison of Middle River 2023 Bathymetry with DSM2 Model Bathymetry



# Sugar Cut Channel Comparison; Site: SUG-1



SILT



27-Dec-2017 1551 UTC | 37.802395, -121.448021  
17500 S Tracy Blvd, Tracy, CA 95304, USA

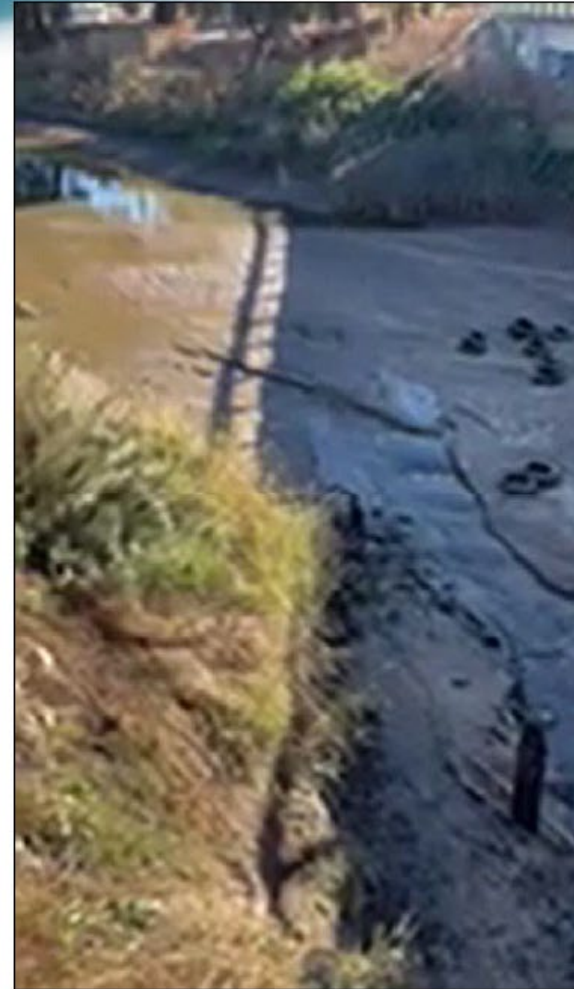


# Middle River at Undine Bridge

November 20, 2023



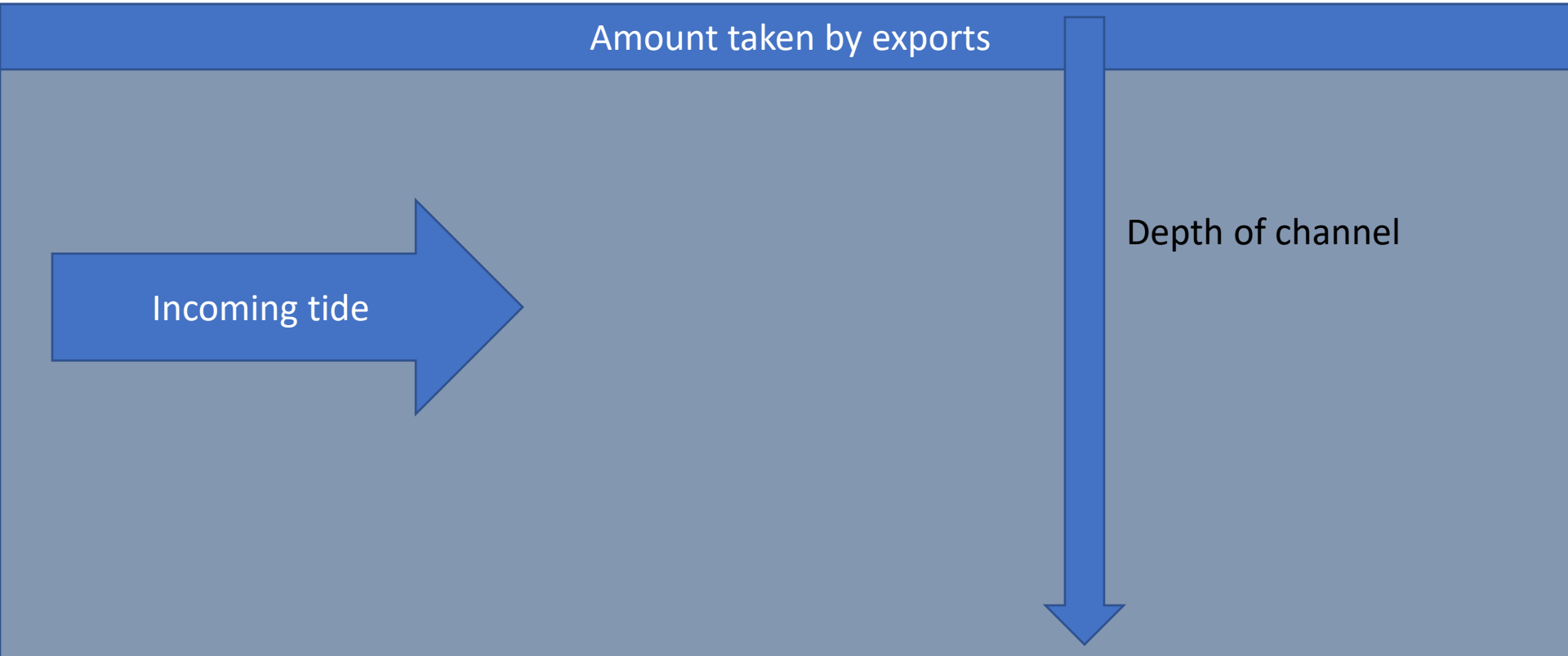
Looking Upstream



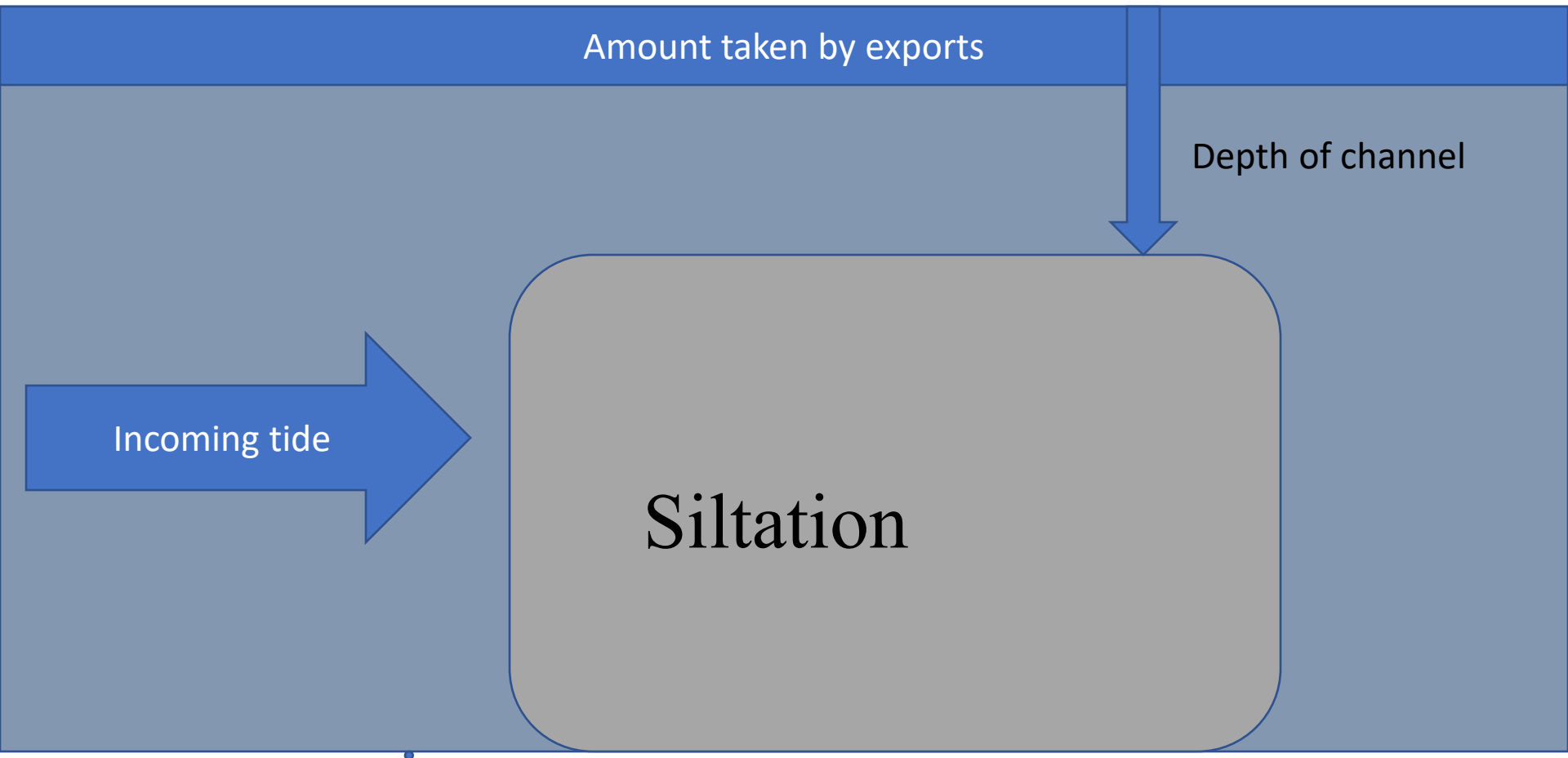
Looking Downstream



# “ORIGINAL” CHANNEL CONDITIONS



# CURRENT CHANNEL CONDITIONS



## LOW WATER LEVEL CONSEQUENCES:

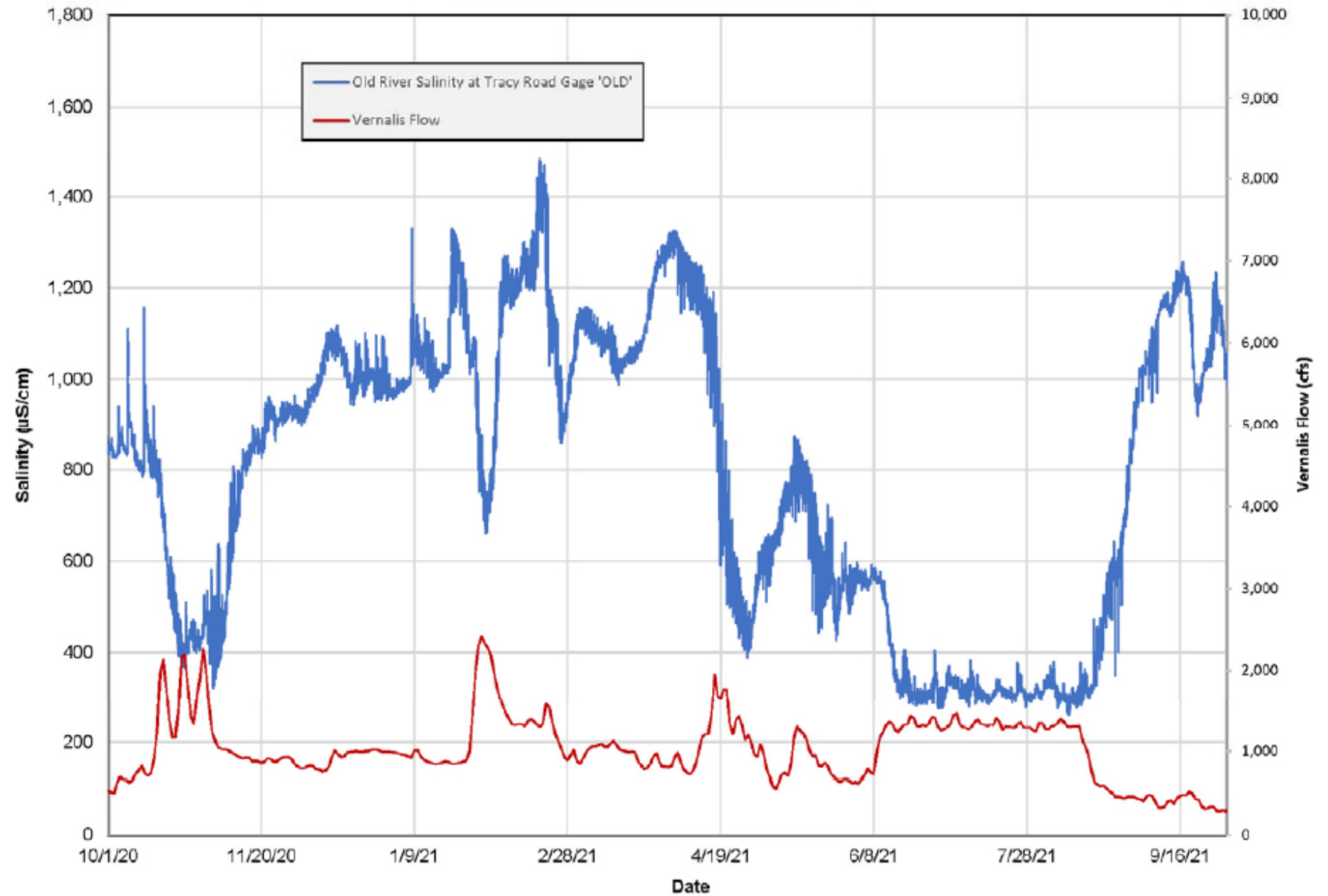
Can't divert from parts of Middle River.  
Wear and tear on pumps.

Pescadero RD sometimes can't operate  
all or many of its pumps.



**SOLUTIONS**

Old River at Tracy - WY 2021 Salinity



PL 108-361

MITIGATE IMPACTS

ADDITIONAL PUMPING  
MEANS ADDITIONAL HARM

QUESTIONS?

COMPLAINTS?

ARREST WARRANTS?

